

SAMUEL GULLY & CO.

The
"Round Up Sale"
HAS BEEN A
Grand Success.

Every department in
THE BIG STORE

Since Wednesday morning has been crowded with eager buyers we are determined to close out every dollar's worth of summer stock and will offer

Saturday Morning Greater Bargains Than Ever....

100 pairs more white and colored blankets 39c a pair
20 pieces yard wide percales at only 5c a yard.
35 pieces dress ginghams 5c a yard.
20 pieces brown sheeting 3 3-4c a yard.
8 pieces bleached sheeting 2 1-4 yards wide 12 1-2c yd.
75 ladies' jackets and 35 children's jackets all at \$1.50 each.
150 ladies' and children's straw hats 25c each.
5 lots dress goods at 19c, 29c, 39c, 49c and 59c some of them worth double.
Lace curtains and drapery nets at one quarter and one-half off.

COME QUICK

If you want to secure a share of the bargains.

SAMUEL GULLY & CO.

When We

Talk to you in this space we have something to say that will interest you.

We are giving a demonstration of **Fifth Avenue Mocha and Java Coffee.** Come to my store, 101 Main street, try the coffee, be convinced of its merits, and if you buy 1-2 lbs. we will give you 1-2 lb. free.

We mean business, and will prove to you that you can get a fine Coffee for 32c per lb.

M. V. N. BRAMAN

101 Main Street

Telephone 220.

LAWRENCE'S
103
5c CIGAR
UNION MADE
Our Leading 5c CIGAR.
We recommend the above to all lovers of a good smoke.
MANUFACTURED BY
Chas. Lawrence & Co., Boston.
TRADE SUPPLIED BY
North Adams Drug Company,
98 MAIN ST.
Largest Stock of Cigars in Western Massachusetts.

NOTICE.

The commissioner of public works will be at his office each week day from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

GENERAL MILES RETURNS.

Confirms His Reported Statements Concerning War Department.

Back From Porto Rico In Good Health. Will Go Soon to Washington. Cervera Visits War Department.

MILES REACHES NEW YORK

General and Staff and Second Wisconsin Return From Porto Rico.

New York, Sept. 7.—The transport Obdam from Ponce, arrived this morning with all well on board. The vessel left Ponce September 1 with General Miles and his staff the Second Wisconsin volunteers, Mrs. Miles their son and daughter.

The Obdam was profusely decorated with palms and flags and gave a holiday appearance. There were no deaths on the voyage.

General Miles admitted to an Associated Press reporter the substantial accuracy of the statements attributed to him by the Kansas City Star correspondent at Ponce. These are the statements on which Secretary Alger based his condemnation of the general, and hinted at court martial.

There are, General Miles said, few minor inaccuracies in the published reports such as usually occur in such interviews. I do not care to point out the inaccuracies referred to at this time. They are unimportant.

General Miles then reviewed the statements he had made and the answers which had been returned by the war department. He will stay in New York a few days on business and then go to Washington.

The Emperor and Labor.

Berlin, Sept. 7.—The Emperor William at a banquet yesterday, referring to the prosperous developments of Westphalia, touched significantly on the labor bill to be submitted to the Reichstag this year. He said it would provide for imprisonment at hard labor of any one seeking to prevent workmen willing to work from pursuing their vocation and would also provide punishment for those even inciting them to strike.

The Blue and the Gray.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 7.—It is red letter day today in the Grand Army encampment. The attendance reaches fabulous figures. The meeting of the blue and gray attracted much attention. The annual parade was held this forenoon.

Charity Ball at Jubilee.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—It has been definitely decided to wind up the peace jubilee with a great charity ball in the auditorium theater the proceeds to go to the Army and Navy league.

POLITICAL BATTLE.

One Faction Fires Volley at Another, Killing One.

Colorado Springs, Col., Sept. 7.—A political war between factions of the silver republicans resulted this morning in the death of Charles Harris of Denver. It was the result of an attempt on the part of the Broad faction to capture the opera house, guarded by the Sprague faction. The latter fired a volley into their assailants, wounding many, and killing Harris. A number of arrests have been made, and the city is thrown into a fever of excitement. More trouble is feared.

Got Caught on Rocks.

Narragansett Pier, Sept. 7.—The Lewiston schooner will arrive Monday with members of the Ninth Massachusetts regiment on board, lies fast on a hard bottom at Sandy Beach cove and the chances of getting her off again are about even. After the steamer was gotten off the rocks at the Point Judith breakwater, Captain Lyman steered the craft around to the cove and then put her ashore. At this time there were seven feet of water in the hold and 11 feet of water under the stern.

The condition of the steamer is fair. The upper works are stove in more or less from the effects of the crash on the rocks, and there is a hole in the bow which was hacked out to allow the transfer of the soldiers. The condition of the hull underneath will not be known until the divers go down.

The present plan is to patch up the vessel so she will float, and then take her to a port for a general overhauling. The wreckers think that this will take several days, but if a storm comes up she will probably pound so badly that she will not be worth wrecking, except for salvage. Captain Church of the life saving station thinks the steamer may be floated.

CERVERA PAYS PARTY CALL

On Navy Department, With Thanks For Kind Treatment.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Admiral Cervera, his son and Lieutenant Imaz called at the navy department this morning and paid their respects to Assistant Secretary Allen to express thanks for the kindly treatment accorded Cervera and his men while prisoners in the United States.

DUE TO CARELESSNESS.

Collision of Passenger Trains on the Consolidated Road.

Taunton, Sept. 7.—There was a collision of passenger trains—one from the Park square and the other from the Kneeland street stations in Boston—about two miles above the station here, just before 8 o'clock last night and in the wreck which followed 15 persons were more or less injured. Henry McIntyre dying after his removal to this city.

The train from Mansfield where the tracks leave the Providence division for this city and beyond to Fall River or New Bedford is comparatively straight all the way to the main station in this city. On the other hand, trains coming over the Plymouth division from Kneeland street by way of Braintree leave the main road at Raynham sweep a sharp curve and come into the main track from Mansfield at Whittemore Junction. There is a lower at the junction from which interlocking signals protect the electric trolleys working if the connections are in good order, and it is rare that they are not. It is impossible to throw the switch for the trains from Mansfield without setting the signals at danger for trains round the curve from Kneeland street and South Braintree.

Both trains are due at the junction within five minutes of each other. The train from Park square left Boston at 8:45 while the train from Kneeland street left 15 minutes later. For some reason the Park square train lost time on the way down and arrived at the junction five minutes late or at the time when the Kneeland street train was due. The engineer of the Park square train on approaching the junction slowed down but kept on for the switch as the signals on his line were apparently set at safety. Just as this train reached the switch the headlight of the engine from Kneeland street flashed round the curve, and a sharp whistle startled the trainmen on both trains. The engineer of the Park square train put on the emergency brake and as the train was going over the switch at the rate of only seven or eight miles an hour, the train stopped with such suddenness that nearly every passenger was thrown forward in his seat with some violence but without injury, at that time. On the other hand, the Kneeland street train did not slow up to any great extent, but kept on and crashed into the Park square train.

The latter train had stopped so that the engine and three cars were over the switch while the balance of the train was back on the Mansfield track. The engine of the Kneeland street train struck the hind car of the Park square train and tearing it from the forward trucks tilted it on its side off the tracks. The blow was a glancing one and the engine kept on to the next car which was a combination baggage and smoker. Nearly the left side of this car was torn off with all the seats and those who occupied them. The crash broke the coupling between the engine and the baggage car and the engine being coupled between the smoker and the rest of the train forward end of the train down the track about 20 feet. The smoker was well filled and it is from this car that nearly all the injured were taken.

In an instant all was confusion. The lights in the passenger coach which was over on its side and the smoker, which was almost a mass of ruins went off immediately leaving the wounded struggling in the wreck, with the heading of the Kneeland street train in the center of it all. Fortunately the engine kept the rails and none of its steam pipes broke, so that the horror of being roasted to death was not added to the agony of those imprisoned in the wreck.

The passengers of both trains began the work of rescue by the light of a few lanterns and a fire which was built on the side of the track. Messengers were dispatched to this city, and within an hour every physician in the city was at the scene of the disaster and the work of sending the unfortunate victims to the hospital had begun. As soon as they were extricated the maimed and bleeding passengers were laid on the grass beside the track where they were administered to as the few conveniences would allow. There were but few houses in the vicinity, but those who occupied them went quickly to the scene of the wreck with blankets and it was not long before 15 or 16 of the injured were stretched on mattresses. All were removed to the central railroad station where they were met by ambulances and removed to the hospital.

MUST PAY DUTY.

Spanish Wagon Allowed Supplies For the Cuban Landed Free.

Havana, Sept. 7.—Monday Captain Miles of the Conal and Major Niekora, who is in charge of the supplies with which the Conal is laden, received a message from President McKinley directing them to repeat their request on behalf of the United States government to land and distribute the Conal's cargo without having to pay duty. A favorable reply was expected. Last evening the council of secretaries decided that it would be impossible to allow the Conal to land her cargo without paying custom house duties but that, if the colonial government is to distribute the supplies then it will pay the duty, according to a previous decision.

There is no doubt that the colonial government is doing everything to relieve distress but the funds and facilities are insufficient to meet the suffering in the interior towns. Jesse Schley, Admiral Schley's cousin, who went to Madrid on a peace mission last July as a delegate of the Woman's International Peace association has arrived here from Spain. She comes in connection with the relief work and will have an interview with General Blanco.

Want to be Accepted.

Manila, Sept. 7.—At a meeting of 20 leaders of the Filipinos of all sections, called to discuss the policy of these islands, 18 of them were emphatically in favor of outright annexation to the United States and two were in favor of a republic. The native opinion is that it is best to adopt United States laws. Williams suggested, and Mr. Leland supported, the idea of the Filipinos to co-operate and to reward the services rendered.

By Order of the President.

Montauk Point, Sept. 7.—General Joe Wheeler will continue in command of the division of regular cavalry under General Shafter. The president, when he expressed a desire that he remain in the army until the work of the peace commission takes a satisfactory form. General Wheeler is not, however, likely to stay with the army after congress meets in December.

Generous Rhode Island.

Providence, Sept. 7.—The Gaspee sailed last evening for Montauk Point, loaded with supplies for the sick soldiers at Montauk Point. The response to the appeal for contributions from the Rhode Island Sanitary and Relief association has been most generous the amount received up to last night being \$275.00 besides a vast amount of food and drink for the unfortunate men at Camp Wilcox.

Colonel R. H. I. Goddard has chartered

a steamer to bring 113 of the sick men from the camp accommodations being made for them in the hospitals and other places in this city. It is the intention of Mr. Goddard to bring as many as possible here and restore them to health if possible.

Saluted the Spanish Flag.

San Juan, Sept. 7.—The Seneca, carrying Rear Admiral W. S. Schley and Brigadier General W. W. Gordon of the Porto Rico military commission, arrived off the harbor Monday night but did not enter until Tuesday morning. The New Orleans, which is lying in the harbor, fired an admiral's salute of 13 guns. The Spanish gunboat Isabel Segunda responded with 13 guns whereupon the New Orleans set the Spanish flag at the peak and saluted it with 13 guns.

A boat immediately put off from the New Orleans to the Seneca and took Admiral Schley aboard. As he went over the steamer's side, her passengers, among whom he had become exceedingly popular, gave three cheers and a tiger. On his arrival Admiral Schley yelled "Hurrah for the next president." Admiral Schley was given an enthusiastic reception on board the New Orleans.

A Memorial of Steel.

Pittsburg, Sept. 7.—New Brighton, a few miles below this city, is the first place where a memorial of the late war has been placed. The memorial is of steel and 130 feet high. It stands in the park in the center of the town, and is built on the lines of the Eiffel tower at Paris. On the platform is a 30-foot steel flagstaff. Around the four sides of the base are placed tablets, upon which is engraved the name of each man in Co. B Tenth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, who went to Manila. The memorial was erected by public subscription after the battle of Manila. Every inhabitant of New Brighton helped with the dedication.

More Trouble in Cuba.

Canea, Crotz, Sept. 7.—Candia is being bombarded, the British troops, who have been acting as police since the Greek war, are fighting the Musulmans, who are in various parts of the island.

APPALLING DISASTER.

Collapse of a New Bridge Over the St. Lawrence.

Workmen Had No Time to Fly to 'Places of Safety.'

Sixty Dropped Into the River With the Debris.

Two Thirds of the Number Were Either Killed or Drowned.

Fatalities Swelled Owing to the Fervor of the Rescuers.

Cornwall, Ont. Sept. 7.—A most appalling disaster occurred near here yesterday, and its results will probably make a death list of 40 to 50. The great railroad bridge now being erected across the St. Lawrence for the New York and Ottawa railroad gave away about noon, sending upwards of 60 workmen with the debris into the mighty rushing river 60 feet below. That a single man survives is almost marvellous. Thirty-three of the victims were brought to the hospital here, and 13 died. It is believed that over 20 remain in the river and it is expected that the roll will not be completed for many days.

A witness of the terrible affair was sitting on the bank of the river watching the busy workmen above him, when suddenly without warning, there came a fearful crash and two spans of the bridge collapsed, plunging a mass of timbers and iron dropped down and the agonizing shrieks of the men who were being crushed in the wreck were drowned by the rushing waters. Then he saw floating bodies coming to the surface.

The work of rescue was helplessly inadequate there being only a few boats in the vicinity and very few men who would undertake to swim out into the turbulent waters. Many who might have been saved were drowned before help could reach them. Pitifully appealing faces mark beneath the waves before the eyes of helpless onlookers. Broken bodies came to the surface for a moment and then passed out of sight perhaps forever. It was a terrible and heart-rending scene. Even those who were going to land and were in such condition that many died on the way to the hospital. Some had their backs broken others both legs, while others, were crushed by the heavy iron.

The town is in a terrible state of excitement owing to the number of local men employed on the work. Women are looking for husbands, mothers after sons and friends after friends. About 40 of the men were Americans, who came here to work for the Phoenix Bridge company. The remainder were mostly Indians who acted as assistants. Every man on the station went down with the wreck. Many of those who escaped climbed up the iron work which still rested on piers at either end.

The latest information concerning the tragedy makes it probable that the death list will reach fully 50. As far as can be learned 37 men were on the payroll of whom 23 reported for work yesterday morning. Of this list only 38 have actual pay accounted for. Allowing that some of those unaccounted for will turn up after the excitement the probable list of dead and injured will in all likelihood reach over 50. It may reach 60. Among those thrown into the river was the foreman, Thomas F. Brady or Bricey, whose home is in Pottsville, Pa. He has not been accounted for up to a late hour and is supposed to be in the bottom of the river.

All efforts to get a list of the names of the workmen and those missing proved futile. Everything was in a state of great excitement all the afternoon and the effort of all was to care for the injured ones and get them to Cornwall hospital as fast as possible.

Going to the Jubilee. Washington, Sept. 7.—President McKinley and as many members of his cabinet as can do so will attend some portion of the peace jubilee which begins at the Omaha exposition Oct. 10. The president so informed a delegation of Nebraska who presented to him a handsome engraved invitation to attend. Only pressing public business will interfere with this program, but at this time the president sees no reason why he should not go.

Invitations will also be extended to the members of the supreme court of the United States, the leading officials of the army and navy and the diplomatic corps.

Will Have Every Care.

Washington, Sept. 7.—In a dispatch to the governor of Massachusetts, Secretary Alger says: "I might not suggest that the soldiers sent out by the commonwealth of Massachusetts and other states, returning to this country, should be invited for their heroic services? Not one of them would exchange that service for any earthly possession. Does this not seem to you? They are heroes and have earned, and will receive the gratitude of their countrymen. They will have every care the government can bestow upon them."

Tomorrow's Atlantic and Forecasts.

Sept. 8.—5:16, a.m. 6:00, a.m. High water—4 a.m. 4:30 p.m. The last of the warm wave will probably pass off today and be followed by generally cool temperatures during the evening and night. Thursday and the remainder of the week now seem certain to be fair and generally clear, with occasionally cool temperatures, rising but little, if any, above 70 degrees at the highest, with light winds.

Wise.. Heads.....

Those who come here for their hats. Perhaps who haven't "learned the ropes," but there are hundreds of men every season who come here for their hats. Our guarantee is as responsible as anybody's. "Cutting" in a hat means the most of quality and the least of price. We keep showing and showing until you are suited. All shapes, all styles. More children's novelties than you will find in a day's journey.

C. H. CUTTING & CO.,

Wholesale-Retailers, Cutting Corner

The Mizpah

The Best Women's Shoe On Earth for \$3.00

Up to date and combines style and comfort. Try a pair and you will wear no other. AT MURDOCK'S

The Wm. Martin Old Stand,
10 State Street.

Patent Medicines.

Don't you need anything in this line? We have not mentioned these of late, owing to the fact that other matters claimed our attention, but our stock is being constantly replenished, therefore always fresh, and our prices are as usual the lowest in the city. As the pioneer cut price druggist, we take pride in the title and every sale clinches our right to the same more firmly. If you want anything in this line, or in drugs, prescriptions and toilet articles call on

JOHN H. C. PRATT,

Pioneer Cut Price Druggist,

30 MAIN STREET,

Opposite State Street.

WETMORE
Watchmaker
25% Jeweler
FACILE ST.**Watch Repairing.**

I am prepared to do anything in the line of Watch and Clock Repairing in a careful and reliable manner and at very reasonable prices. If your Watch is out of order, bring it to me and I will guarantee my work.

High Grade Clothes Low Grade Prices.

For the next 30 days we shall sell all our fine imported and domestic suitings, overcoatings, and trousseings at greatly reduced prices. We have an elegant line of Scotch and worsted fabrics suitable for business suits and everything made in black coatings for getaway and frock suits.

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
Special Sale of Trousers at \$7.00 per pair.

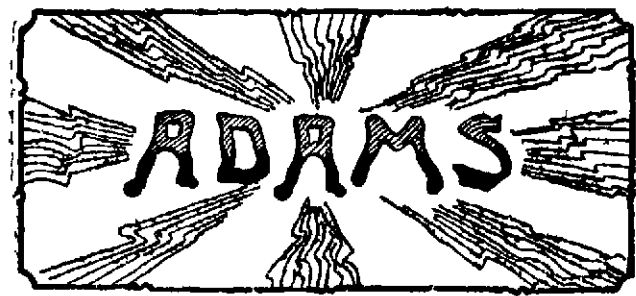
P. J. BOLAND,

Tailor and Furnisher,

Boland Block

You can't get too much of a good thing.
IN OTHER WORDS
Snyder & Co.'s Coal
Is a "good thing." How are you fixed the coming winter? We can give a good figure and assure you of clean dry coal if ordered at this season.

W. G. SNYDER & CO.,
76 Centre Street



AN INTERESTING DISPLAY

One of the most interesting displays of war relics ever seen in town is the one now on exhibition at Riley's drug store on Park street. Among the articles shown are flying pans, knives and forks etc. used by members of Company M in Cuba. Among them are a Messer, but that struck Private Carr in the left lower jaw. A Spanish machete and a passport Spanish money and coins loaned by Private John Sullivan the bill of fare which made up a dinner which Private Partridge paid \$18. for in Santiago a few spoons and forks which he got with 15 cents change out of a \$5 bill. A tag such as is used to identify sick soldiers in the hospital was a medal found by Private Partridge in Santiago. A bamboo pipe and stems made and sent by Sergeant O'Brien a knapsack and the old Company M bugle used by Bugler Duggan a ring purchased with hard tack and Private Carey's hat with its inscriptions.

ALERT HOSE MEETING

The regular meeting of the Alert Hose company was held Tuesday evening. The meeting of the annual convention was brought up and J. G. S. Sanborn, J. H. M. P. and Arthur W. Streeter were appointed to confer with the engineers in regard to a date and arrangements. Melville Lewis, H. M. L. and Charles Barnum were appointed a uniform committee and A. W. Streeter, P. P. Smith and I. R. Pickett auditing committee. Peter P. Smith left this morning for Cambridge to attend the annual convention of the Massachusetts state firemen.

LARGE INCREASE IN PUPILS

School opened Tuesday morning and like last year some of the rooms are overcrowded. There are about 20 new pupils that are pupils who never went to school before. There were about 50 new ones. The primary grade in Hoscoe street about 60 at Liberty street 50 at Commercial street and 45 at Renfrew. The superintendent was on hand and divided them as well as possible. Several other grades are crowded but will be arranged properly as soon as possible. There is an increase of high school pupils also.

The last of this season's Assembly dances will be held at Forest park pavilion Friday evening. It will be a full dress affair.

People at Zylonia are rather displeased at the drawing off of the Mannebaum pond. The odor from the pond is decidedly unpleasant.

A horse driven by Michael Kronick ran away about noon on Columbia street opposite the Renfrew company's Broadway mill Tuesday. The driver was thrown out and his left leg injured slightly. The horse was stopped before any serious damage was done.

Dr. O. C. Gelineau of Springfield is the guest of Dr. J. F. Crowley, O. Merton Legate of Buffalo, N. Y. visiting friends in town.

Miss Emma J. Hurd of Lynn is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. F. I. Wilder and children Mrs. A. J. Hurd and Mrs. L. Clark spent Tuesday in Williamstown.

Mrs. W. V. Balcom of Summer street is recovering from an attack of nervous prostration.

A daughter was born Tuesday evening to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Orr of Summer street.

Louis Forgue is erecting a large henery at his property on North Summer street.

Mr. and Mrs. George Nichols and Mr. and Mrs. William Landon and Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Perry of Zylonia attended the floral parade in Saratoga, N. Y. Tuesday.

William Walpole is learning to be a conductor on the street railway.

The regular meeting of Odd Fellows will be held this evening.

A daughter was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. George Cooper.

Edward Hanson of Rutland, Vt. spent the past few days with friends here.

Miss Bessie Corcoran of Pittsfield has returned home after visiting friends at Renfrew.

Thomas Welch of Bridgeport Conn. visited his brother and sister at Renfrew Labor day.

Jenks & Mooney have had a large entertainment mounted on the board near the gas house on Columbia street.

Paul J. Wendell and Miss Paulina Wolf were married last Saturday by Rev. H. B. Munson.

There is much interest in the production of "Shore Acres" at the opera house Saturday evening and indications point to a large audience. This has earned an unquestioned place as the leading American drama with an excellent scenic production such as is promised here will furnish one of the best attractions of the early season.

No Map of the United States.

"The school children of the Bermudas know nothing of American history," says a New York woman who has just returned from Hamilton. "One day I stopped and talked with a bright little colored boy on the street. The Bermudian negro, you know, is superior in intelligence to the southern negro of this country. He has neither the thick lips nor the flat nose of our American negro. His superiority is accounted for by the fact that he has in his veins the blood of the Indians captured by King Philip's war and taken as slaves to the Bermudas."

"Do you go to school?" I asked the boy.

"Yes, sir."

"Who owns these islands?"

"England."

"Who rules England?"

"Queen Victoria."

"Where are the United States?"

"South of Canada."

"And do you know who is president of the United States?"

"Yes, sir, George Washington."

"When I had visited one of the little schools at Hamilton, I did not wonder that Washington was the only American president the boy had heard of. On the walls were maps of every important country in the world but our own, and I found that the teachers said as little of the United States as they could."

—New York Sun.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever be made free of life nerve and vigor, take No. 100 the wonder worker, that makes wear men strong, healthy, energetic, cheerful. Cures cough, cures bronchitis, cures asthma, cures all lung troubles. Booklet sent free. Address: Scientific Tobacco Co. Chicago or New York.

BIG PEACE JUBILEE.

HAPPY CHARACTER OF THE GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT

Cincinnati Ready to Receive Fifty Thousand Veterans of the Former War. Scenes of Enthusiasm Unparalleled in National History.

(Special Correspondence.)

CINCINNATI, Aug. 29.—The near approach of the thirty-second annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be held in this city Sept. 5 to 10, is evidenced everywhere. A throng of busy workmen are putting up beautiful arches along the line of march over which it is expected that 50,000 veterans of the war of the rebellion will march on Sept. 7, building grand stands, laying out Camp Sherman, where the veterans are to camp in true military style, repairing streets and doing the hundred and one other things that are needed to make the encampment a complete success.

The encampment of 1898 will have a significance not enjoyed by any other one. Following as it does so closely the signing of the protocol and the cessation of hostilities, with every assurance of ultimate and satisfactory peace, it cannot but partake largely of the nature of a grand peace jubilee. The city authorities have recognized this, and with the citizens' committee are preparing to make it in reality a peace demonstration.

Mayor Tafel has issued a proclamation setting apart Thursday, Sept. 8, as the day to be given over strictly to a peace jubilee. On that day will occur the civic and industrial parade, which will be participated in by all leading firms of this city and which will be historic in the nature of the floats which will comprise a part of the procession.

The evening has been set apart for an immense fireworks display, and this display also will be of a character to indicate the celebration of the return of peace.

President McKinley has stated to friends in Washington that with the signing of the protocol he believed he saw his way clear to attending the Cincinnati encampment. With his presence to inspire there is no predicting to what extent the demonstration will go.

The local committee, however, believe that scenes will be witnessed in Cincinnati encampment week that are unparalleled in the history of the country.

The citizens' committee, headed by Hon. M. B. Ingalls as president, and William B. Malish executive director, is preparing to entertain the largest company of visitors that ever attended any encampment, unless it be the one at Washington. Conservative estimates place the number of veterans and their friends who will come to Cincinnati now that peace has been declared at 300,000. The committee on halls and meeting places has assigned more than 300 regimental and other organizations to halls for rooming during the camp week.

This is nearly double the number cared for at Buffalo, and indicates very clearly the increased attendance which may be looked for here.

Now that the encampment is so near a few details of what may be expected by visitors will be of interest.

All within that immense territory embraced in the Central Traffic association and Southeastern Passenger association districts will enjoy a rate of 1 cent per mile to and from the encampment. From the remaining portions of the country a rate of 1 1/2 cent per mile will prevail to the boundaries of the territory above mentioned, and from there to Cincinnati the 1 cent per mile rate will be allowed. On arrival at Cincinnati the visitors will find unusual arrangements for the care and transfer of baggage. Those having engaged quarters at hotels will find guides and bureaus of information at all depots, so that there will be no difficulty in locating their stopping places. The same is true of those who have engaged quarters in private houses. Those not already provided will be directed to a large storeroom on Fourth street, where the citizens' headquarters will be located, and where they will be speedily assigned to desirable stopping places. All hotels are under contract to charge no more than their regular rates, which range from \$1 to \$5 per day. The maximum charge permitted in private quarters is \$1 per day for lodging only and \$1.50 for lodging and three meals. The committee on private accommodations has at this time quarters for 10,000 more persons than have applied up to date, and the offer of accommodations in private houses does not diminish.

The ambition of the local committee is to make the Cincinnati encampment out of the ordinary. To illustrate to what extent this is influencing everybody the work of the committees on public comfort, medical corps and entertainment will be cited.

Every vacant storeroom in the downtown districts and all churches where vacant veterans or their wives and daughters may stop with the assurance of finding plenty of chairs, tables, reading matter, ice water and even cots to contribute to the comfort of their bodies. These places of rest will all be plainly designated by banners that may be seen from a distance.

Dr. J. O. Chilton has charge of the medical corps. He has surrounded himself with 300 of the most prominent practicing physicians of the city, and a number of these were surgeons during the civil war. These 300 will give their time and services to the encampment. They will be uniformed, provided with special medicine bags and will be on duty wherever there are crowds. In addition every building in which

veterans are quartered will be visited at least once a day by one of these physicians, and a certain number will be detailed to make the rounds of Camp Sherman every morning. An unusual feature of the encampment is the fact that the rank and file of the Grand Army are to have practically the same participation that the delegates will. The committee has had printed 50,000 coupon books. Each coupon is good for admission to a place of amusement. These coupon books will be distributed by each department adjutant, and the plan is to see that every veteran gets one. These admit free to the lagoon, Chester park, art museum, Rockwood pottery and other places and are good for admission to all theaters, the base ball park, zoological gardens and for a trip to Coney island at half regular rate. So elaborate is the series of entertainments arranged that it is almost bewildering. At the lagoon will be presented in addition to the regular attractions a sham battle every evening representing Dewey's victory at Manila. At Chester park there will be special entertainments every afternoon and evening under the auspices of the citizens' committee. At the zoological gardens there will be concerts and general entertainments in addition to the regular attractions. At Fort Thomas a refreshment tent will be maintained in which any veteran will be given lunch free of charge. At Coney Island special entertainments will be given.

Three camps have been arranged to be given in Music hall on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, at which many prominent speakers are expected, including President McKinley, ex-President Harrison, some of the members of President McKinley's cabinet, Senator Foraker and others.

There will be three parades during the week as follows: Naval veterans and ex-prisoners of war on Tuesday, Colonel M. L. Hawkins of this city, grand marshal, parade of the veterans on Wednesday, reviewed by President McKinley, Commander in Chief Gohm and others, General Andrew Hickman, grand marshal, the civic and industrial parade on Thursday, Colonel Amor Smith, grand marshal.

The fireworks display on Thursday evening will be given simultaneously at three different points—on the river at the public landing, in Eden park and at Camp Sherman. Precisely the same display will be given at each place. The delegates and distinguished visitors will witness these.

An article of this kind would not be complete without further reference to Camp Sherman. Located in the outskirts of the city, adjoining Chester park, one of the most popular pleasure resorts of the city, it has been pronounced by committees sent here from other cities to select quarters the most desirable camping spot on which the veterans have ever been placed. It is now being laid out in streets, and will have a tent capacity of 8,000 veterans, but the camp is as level as a floor and capable of very considerable extension, so that if the present plan is not sufficient it will be enlarged. Camp Sherman is between the O., H. and D. and Erie railroads on the west and the B. & O. P. and Big Four lines on the east. Three lines of street railways also reach the camp, so that it is no trouble to get into the heart of the city in a very short space of time. The veterans will be provided with bunks, raised 18 inches above the floor, and mattresses. They will be fed in the big clubhouse at Chester park, and the bill of fare, which has been constructed for by the citizens' committee at 25 cents a meal, furnishes a tempting menu to the old soldiers. Whenever practicable, the posts coming into the city from the lines of road mentioned will be stopped and allowed to disembark at the camp without coming into the city. More old sol-

diers have been provided for in school buildings than at Camp Sherman. Thirty-one of the largest school buildings of the city will be filled to overflowing with old veterans during encampment week, and the same stations are now being exercised to provide for the camp of these as of the ones who stop at Camp Sherman. Fully 25,000 veterans have engaged quarters in school buildings.

All work now under process, including the arches, grand stands, decorations, etc., is under contract to be completed Sept. 3, so that the visitor who arrives on Sunday or Monday will find Cincinnati in gala attire and fully prepared to entertain her numerous guests.

WILL L. FINCH.

The wings of birds are not only to aid locomotion in the air but also on the ground and water. One bird even has claws in the "elbow" of its wings to aid it in climbing. The claw is a modification of the skin, just as hair and nails are, and sometimes it closely resembles hair.

When a baby is dressed for the first time and its left arm is put into the sleeve first, it will be left handed in everything.

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The Transcript

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at 4 o'clock; 15 cents a week, 50 cents a month, \$5 a year.
WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning; \$1 a year in advance.

By the
TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING COMPANY.
C. T. FAIRFIELD, Editor and Mgr.
From
The Transcript Building, Bank Street,
North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.
—John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by The Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

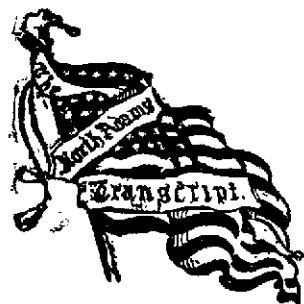
"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY"

From the seal of the city of North Adams

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 7, 98

ADVERTISERS in The Transcript are the best business men in this community. Their advertisements are worth reading, and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

COMMUNICATIONS on live topics are solicited by The Transcript. They must be signed (not necessarily for publication) and be brief, to insure printing.



Stand by the Flag and President.

WITH THE GRAND ARMY.

Although this city is not represented at the annual Grand Army encampment at Cincinnati this week there is more than the usual interest shown in its results. The meeting this time has a war not its own to discuss, and none know how to appreciate and rejoice in American victory more than those who have themselves fought and suffered before to make such a victory possible. Gradually the ranks of the veterans are thinning, but their patriotism remains with all the strength of former service for its sake.

The question of admitting the veterans of this latest war into the organization of the Grand Army is to be discussed. From early indications it seems probable that the national encampment will vote against this. Not from any failure to realize the common cause and patriotism, but from the difference in conditions between the two armies of veterans, which might make united effort less effective in this case. The younger veterans will probably find it an advantage to have an organization of their own, but the two will operate in common for many of the same interests, and in hearty sympathy.

There was not even a suggestion of political capital in the council meeting this time.

Terrible accidents and fatalities of all kinds seem suddenly grown unusually numerous.

Local crops are reported excellent for the season; all except fruit, for which the prospect is poor.

It is now the British river Nile. That wistfully stream must hereafter be careful how it overflows its banks.

The rural debating society will soon take up for another year the question as to whether politics is a trade or a profession.

"Governor" Roosevelt comes with difficulty to the taste of the Troy voter, whose interest in Governor Black is personal. But it seems inevitable.

"Do you love me as I love you?" says England to Germany. And every afternoon paper in London is living on official confirmations of the love scene.

Non-explosive buttons sewed on with smokeless thread are the effective weapons with General Brooke's army is conquering Porto Rico's good will.

The street railways of Manila are tied up by labor strikes. Several similar strikes are more or less effective. Manila may not be very un-American, after all.

The Chicago Tribune has figured up that 1,284 men have died from disease, as shown in the official records, and estimates the total number at not far from 2,000.

The local political thermometer is steadily rising, and the fact that most of the heat so far is under the bulb instead of up in sight does not lessen the instrument's indications.

Again the community has been called on to mourn the death of one its volunteers, the twelfth death in Company M since the war began. The number of those who have given their lives for the service of the nation from this brave company has grown appallingly large. It is with sorrow that the friends of the soldiers add one more to the list, and with fear that they ask if it is to be the last.

The announcement that only a little over \$50 remains unexpended of the highway appropriation shows the heavy drain which heavy snows in winter and heavy storms in summer have made.

The suggestion made in the city council that care be exercised in the supervision of the poles put up about the city by various corporations was a fitting one. The time has passed when the appearance of these permanent features of the public streets and roads can be disregarded.

The movement to have Spanish taught in the public schools as a result of the war continues. But English, it is expected, will still remain the chief language in use in this country, at least back from the seaports, and English is not taught any too thoroughly as yet.

Should the peace commission fail of its purpose, and such a thing is possible, there would be less of a rush on the part of the young men to enlist for future fighting in tropical climates. But one class of men could be counted on to recruit the ranks. Every politician who had hopes of any sort, would hasten to secure that only available "sure thing" in politics just now, a war record.

Susan B. Anthony, speaking of the alleged blunders of the war department, says that man does his own part of the work of war well—but for the woman's part, the housekeeping, the making of things homelike and comfortable for the tens of thousands of mothers' boys, he is a failure. She asks, "What mother, or number of mothers, would ever have located a camp five miles from water, and fed sick men on hardtack?"

The fact that the city has borrowed the \$5,000 voted for the normal school was a mild surprise to those councilmen who had planned to oppose the vote on its reconsideration, which they had expected to be necessary. But the fact remains that the questioned vote is, in the strict interpretation of the charter, a dangerous precedent to follow. In the words of the impecunious youth, "One learns many things when trying to borrow money."

Seen and Heard.

The introduction of Major Whipple's name to the sheriff discussion was accepted as a lively suggestion. It was interesting, but not practical, inasmuch as nobody believed that the major himself would consider the matter. He is at present a deputy sheriff under Sheriff Fuller, and recognizes the excellence of the sheriff's record, on which he is clearly deserving of another term. Major Whipple is agreed to be at present one of the strongest men in Berkshire county for vote getting of any sort, as is natural and gratifying from his war record. But the major declines to use that record to antagonize the interests of a man who has served the county well, and who, there is every reason to believe, will serve it well again.

Meanwhile, the major has departed from Berkshire for a short time to visit the camp at Montauk, and then to recuperate in the Adirondacks. In his absence political talk and war records are at liberty to mingle pleasantly, with no chance to be disturbed by what their subject might be able to say if he were here. The only comment heard on this movement is that if it is a political move, it is too politically political to harmonize with a blunt war record, such as war records must be to be effective. But coming down to serious comment, but one opinion is heard. And that is that Major Whipple has the hearty good will of the county, that Berkshire will be glad to show its appreciation in any way that it can, and that Major Whipple has but to allow the way to be named. If he does this it will certainly be in a way that will increase the respect and patriotic esteem with which he is already regarded. Adams had already begun seriously to discuss him as a representative candidate, and whether they have a chance to vote for him or not, they will manifest to show their appreciation whenever the time comes.

But speaking of war records, what is going to be done for that Santiago mule? Here it has been in the county a week or more, and not a word has been broached about getting it a position as an office holder of any sort. The mule's ambitions are not expected to be high, but whatever they are, they should be respected. If the mule wants to lead the ranks of the political kickers, the place is open. There have been other candidates for that position, but they would gladly step down and out for his muleship.

"Ex-Sheriff Crosby has been getting some expression of opinion from his friends as to the advisability of his entering the sheriff contest this fall, and nearly all of them urge him to accept." So says the Republican. It is being recognized in Pittsfield, as it has been recognized by local Democrats, that Mr. Crosby is the man to be run. It will make a pretty contest, and Sheriff Fuller is to be congratulated on having made it imperative for the Democrats to urge forth their best war hero. The fact that he has made it necessary is the best promise that he will secure the support which means re-election.

President McKinley has undoubtedly named his appointees on the industrial commission. They are: Andrew L. Harris of Ohio, S. D. North of Massachusetts, Frank P. Sargent of Illinois, Ellison A. Smythe of South Carolina, John M. Farquhar of New York, Eugene D. Conger of Michigan, Thomas W. Phillips of Pennsylvania, Charles J. Harris of North Carolina and M. D. Hatchford of Indiana.

Dyspepsia

Is weakness of the stomach. It is the source of untold misery. It may be cured by toning and strengthening the stomach and enriching and purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Many thousands have been cured by this medicine and write that now they "can eat anything they wish without distress."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is prepared by Dr. J. C. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists. \$1.00 per bottle. Get Hood's.

BARKER AND DONNELLY

Editor and Theorist the Candidates of the Populists

Nominated by a Faction of the Party

Butlerites Batted and Declared Against the "Bloughing O.K."

Cincinnati, Sept. 7.—The delegates to the Populist national convention got into such a row yesterday afternoon that the manager of the lyceum ordered them to leave the hall, fearing the destruction of his property. Order was finally restored by the Butler faction bolting. The disturbance was caused by the bitter opposition of the bolters to the making of nominations by this convention. They said they were instructed not to participate in the nomination of a ticket. The majority selected Wharton Barker, a Philadelphia editor, for president and Ignatius Donnelly for vice president.



IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

A platform was adopted which incorporated the provisions of the Omaha platform as well as an address adopted at the morning session, in which it is asserted: "The People's party vote in 1890 and in 1896 to nearly two millions, and everything indicated its speedy national triumph. In this emergency the Democratic party saw it had no recourse but to steal one of the principles of the despised Populists. In their Chicago convention of 1896, in a prearranged theatrical scene of great uproar and enthusiasm, it moved to the front as the devoted and lifelong champion of that which it had always opposed. Senator Butler, who is the chairman of our national committee, preached disintegration and demagoguery just as he would hold stipulation for the scattering of the American forces, that the British might more readily overthrow the young republic. But Butler taught our forces that the first duty of a soldier was to break ranks and go over to the enemy. All efforts to chain the boundless subtlety of this cunning man have been in vain. Our chief battle is not against the demagoguery of one man for the benefit of another, but against the chaining of the world's progress to the car wheels of a prehistoric superstition in the shape of both metals. The whole world today is held in check by a system of gold barriers, while endorser languages, industry, suffers and the cemeteries are populous with the bodies of bankrupts and suicides. We will end the tricks of the office seekers by putting our national ticket in the field at once. We believe the soul is bigger than the pocketbook." The resolutions also provide for the reorganization of the party with Milton Park of Dallas as chairman. The convention adjourned without fixing any time or place for another convention, and the delegates consider their campaign for 1900 as opened. The most important action of the convention was the adoption of the referendum system as the cardinal principle in the future of the government of the reorganized party. The new rules provide that the People's party shall never again hold a delegate convention of any sort, national, state, district or local, but that the nominations for all officers shall be made through the "initiative or referendum, or petitions adopted by popular vote."

The Butlerites adopted an address, saying: "We implore the Populists of every state to pay no heed and to attack no importance to this small sloughing off of the party timber, but to maintain an aggressive warfare on the line hither to followed, to build up and preserve our state and local organizations in accordance with the recommendations of the national organization committee as adopted at Nashville, July 4, 1897, and the subsequent agreement between our two national committees in Omaha, June 16, 1898, relying on the patriotism and good judgment of men advocating both policies of party management to heal their differences before the time fixed for our regular national convention."

Americans in the Far East.
London, Sept. 7.—The Hong Kong correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says: "Americans living in the far east are unanimously in favor of the annexation of Luzon, which, so far as finance and trade are concerned, forms the main portion of the archipelago, of which only portions at present are of value, as for instance Pagan and Cebu. They (the Americans) are convinced that Germany has arranged with Spain for the purchase of Palawan and Sulu islands."

"The exodus of Spanish families, priests and friars from Manila continues. They all appear convinced that Spanish rule in Luzon is at an end. The monastic orders, anxious on account of their large properties in the interior, are endeavoring to dispose of them. They would welcome American or English authority."

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Bernard Tracy, a prosperous farmer of Currituck, Mass., was gored by a bull and so badly injured that he died afterwards.

George Le Franks, 12 years of age, was instantly killed by being crushed between two freight cars while on his way to school in Lowell.

Nine members of the Yale football team are in Kanesburgport, Mo. Walter Camp, the well known instructor, is suffering from gastritis, and a Boston physician has been sent for.

WHOLESALE ADVICE.
For People Whose Stomachs Are Weak and Digestion Poor.

Dr. Harlandson, whose opinion in diseases is worthy of attention, says that a man or woman comes to me complaining of indigestion, loss of appetite, poor stomach, belching, sour watery risings, headaches, sleeplessness, lack of ambition and a general run down nervous condition. I advise them to take after each meal one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, allowing the tablet to dissolve in the mouth, and thus mingle with the food eaten. The result is that the food is speedily digested before it has time to sour and ferment. These tablets will digest food anyway whether the stomach wants to or not, because they contain harmless digestive principles, vegetable essences, pepsin and Golden Seal which supply just what the weak stomach lacks.

I have advised the tablets with great success, both in curing indigestion and based on the tissues, increase flesh in thin nervous patients, whose real trouble was dyspepsia, and as soon as the stomach was put to rights they did not know what sickness was. A fifty cent package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can be bought at any drug store, and as they are not a secret patent medicine, they can be used as often as desired with full assurance that they contain nothing harmful in the slightest degree; on the contrary, anyone whose stomach is at all deranged will find great benefit from the use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. They will cure any form of stomach weakness or disease except cancer of the stomach. Full size packages at drug-gists 50c or \$1.00, or by mail from Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

TWO POINTS AHEAD.

Bostoners Are at the Top by a Very Narrow Margin.

Boston, Sept. 7.—It looked as if the Washingtons would be whitewashed when they drew blanks in eight successive innings, but an error by Hamilton gave them a big opening, and they gave a little spice to the game by running up a score of five runs in the ninth inning. They made more than twice as many hits in this one inning as they made in all the rest of the game.

Klobedanz pitched a grand game for eight innings, being hit for two singles, and giving only one base on balls. As he was supported perfectly in this interval, not a "senator" reached second base. His drubbing in the ninth appeared to be due to the fact that he felt Hunt did not give him credit for putting the ball over the plate, when he did.

Boston.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Hamilton, C. F.	3	1	1	1	0	1
Long, S.	5	2	2	2	4	0
Love, J. B.	4	2	1	4	4	1
Chester, J. B.	5	2	2	2	8	0
Berger, C. M.	3	2	0	2	0	0
Bransfield, C.	1	0	1	0	0	0
Duffy, J. F.	5	1	2	2	0	0
Shah, R. F.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Hickman, J. B.	4	0	0	9	0	4
McQuinn, A. S.	4	0	0	0	0	1
Klobedanz, P.	1	0	0	1	0	1

Totals.	38	9	27	22	3	5
Washingtons.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Mercer, C. F.	4	1	2	4	2	0
Farrell, C.	4	1	0	3	2	0
Reitz, J. B.	4	1	1	1	1	0
McGuire, J. B.	4	1	1	10	0	1
Smith, J. B.	3	1	1	1	3	2
Anderson, R. F.	4	0	1	4	0	0
Donovan, R. F.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Dineen, P.	3	0	1	0	1	2

Totals. 34 5 7 24 15 7
Boston. 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 5
Earned runs—Boston, 2; Washingtons, 3. Three-base hit—Bransfield. Home run—Smith. Double play—Klobedanz, Love and Hickman. First base on balls—Klobedanz, 1; off Dineen, 2. Struck out—By Klobedanz, 2; by Dineen, 2. Time—2 hours. Umpires—Hunt and Connolly. Attendance—1,000.

There was a snappy game in Louisville yesterday, but the colonels were stronger at the bat and won from the Clevelanders.

With the score a tie at the end of the ninth inning, Umpire Doerschler called the game in Providence in order to allow the Buffaloes to catch a train for Montreal.

A base on balls and Irwin's double enabled the Cincinnati to win an exciting game from the Chicagoans in the ninth inning.

The Baltimore won the first game in Philadelphia rather easily, owing to Maul's effective twirling. The second game was hotly contested, and darkness stopped it at the end of the eighth inning, with the score a tie.

The Eastern league season closed in Springfield with a victory for the Wilkes-barres in a slugfest match. Dugleby was batted out of the game in the sixth inning. Score: 7 to 6.

The Springfield club of the Eastern league was scheduled to play in Worcester, Pa., today, but last night the manager of the Springfield sent a telegram that he would forfeit the four games.

Mr. Dingley's Views.

Farmington, Me., Sept. 7.—Nelson Dingley, at a conference of the Republican leaders of Franklin county, expressed the importance of a full Republican vote this fall as a forerunner of a victory in 1900. He paid the highest tribute to President McKinley. He said: "Though war is a great calamity, we have obtained immense benefits from it. The American nation has gained a name and position the world over that she could not have gained otherwise in 50 years. The cause of humanity has been advanced. The war has brought new responsibilities, and we will meet them. I have the greatest faith in the Anglo-Saxon race, and the American nation as a part of it will successfully cope with all responsibilities. The war has drawn the English speaking people of the world closer together. There was never any intention on our part to acquire territory, though results of the war may change the issues."

No-To-Bac For Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cured, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. All druggists.

E. H. Chase & Co's pure barley malt

whiskey is recommended by physicians for household and medicinal use. M. M. Welch & Co. and all druggists.

Established 1835.

Geo. F. Miller,

General Insurance.

Room 5, Burlington Bldg., North Adams. This agency is the oldest, largest and strongest in Western Massachusetts, representing all leading foreign and American companies.

If you want some thing especially fine in.....

Cut Glass

.....OR

Sterling Silver

.....FOR

Wedding Gifts.

GO TO



The recognized headquarters for fine repairing.

...Opening...

—OF—

New Millinery Parlors.

On September 15, I shall open new millinery parlors at my home.

Cor. River and N. Holden Sts. With a choice line of MILLINERY NOVELTIES, which I shall be pleased to offer to my old and new customers' inspection. An early call is solicited.

Margaret L. McConnell.

COLUMBIA THEATRE.

ONE SOLID WEEK

Commencing.....

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

With matinees Monday, Wednesday and Saturday,

THE.....

Brosnahan-Jackson

Comedy Company

Military Band and

Operatic Orchestra

In a repertoire of refined comedies and dramas.

Special Labor day matinee Monday at 2.30 p. m. Admission 10 and 30 cents.

Night Prices 10, 20, 30 cts.

Seats now on sale at Bartlett's Drug Store

WILSON OPERA HOUSE.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 8th.

Smyth & Rice's Comedians

presenting.....

My Friend

From India.

By H. A. DuSouchet.

The funniest piece ever written. Duplicating its former success with the inimitable comedian

WALTER E. PERKINS

in the title role, as played by him 150 nights in New York.

"The Great Mirror Scene."

"I Want My Clothes."

"I Wish Somebody Would Lend Me a Quarter."

Prices 35, 50, 75c, \$1.

Seats on sale at Wilson House Drug Store Tuesday at 9 a. m.

The North Adams News.

VOL. XXXI. NORTH ADAMS, MASS., SEPT. 10, 1898. NO. 37

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The publisher begs to announce that with the current issue September 10, The News will appear in new and attractive form. There will be sixteen pages about 11x16 in size, four columns to the page. The price will be reduced, placing it within the reach of all. The reading matter will be conveniently arranged in departments, and the typographical appearance will be greatly improved.

One of the great advantages of a paper printed in this form and size of page is that it may easily be preserved for future reference, and by saving the entire fifty-two numbers for the year a subscriber has a volume of local current history of great value, and as the years roll on the value of such a volume increases. There are very few people today who take a daily or weekly paper who can if they desire turn to a copy two weeks back and find a subject that has been treated in its columns. The papers in the larger forms are thrown aside as soon as read and are destroyed. With The News in its new form, however, it can be preserved easily, and its each number will be securely stapled, none of the leaves will be lost. At a slight expense at the end of the year the fifty-two numbers may be bound, and as stated above each subscriber would

Boston Store. Boston Store.

NORTH ADAMS, SEPT. 7, 1898

WEATHER—Generally fair tonight and Thursday; southwest winds.

---SECOND DAY---

Of the Winding-Up Sale of

Hot Weather Dry Goods.

Remember, nothing is to be preserved—everything must go—and anyone who has been somewhat tardy will find trading here is for their benefit, as prices—well, they are cut to half, and in some cases to one-quarter regular prices.

TODAY'S ITEMS:

All sizes in our regular 50c Summer Corsets now 25c.

Light colored Underskirts, were 75c, now 50c.

Linen Skirts, canvas-lined ruffle, 75c.

A few children's White Pique Reefers at one-half price.

A few Shirt Waists left, not all sizes, the best quality now 45c.

2 dozen Unshirred Shirts, slightly soiled, choice 25c.

BOSTON STORE

Blackinton Block.

Playtime Is Past.

School begins in a very few days and the sun-browned rompers will again take up other studies. How well we are provided for their wants in proper apparel a visit to our Boys' Clothing Department alone will tell, for we cannot. The task is too heavy, the styles too varied, the values too great. Where words will not convey a correct idea of this matchless stock of BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS they are here, from the cheapest that's good and strong to the finest any mother could wish for, and at prices that are calculated to please the most economical parents.

\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00.

Our stock of Boys' Odd Knee Pants, Boys' Waists and Boys' Caps. Would pay you to examine.

Loneragan & Bissailon

Clothiers. 72 Main Street.

GOOD ENOUGH

During the long time we have handled

PITTSTON COAL---

Not one complaint has reached us. On the contrary, many have congratulated themselves and us alike in its possession.

No better time than now to order for winter

W. A. & J. A. Cleghorn.

A NOTABLE GATHERING OF THE WAR VETERANS.

1865.

1898.

THE PECULIAR CHINESE ARMY.

Major A. B. J. Cleveland, late military attaché with the Chinese army, says that in many respects the Chinese army presents a curious example of the contrast between the Chinese and the Western. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution.

On almost every occasion in 1898 the Chinese army presented a curious example of the contrast between the Chinese and the Western. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution.

In January, 1898, several thousand men had been collected at Shanghai, under General Wu-tung-shan, to reinforce the army in Manchuria. New rifles and field guns had been sent out, and the force was to move early in February, but on Jan. 20 the men fired their rifles for the first time, and a large number of them were killed.

For each of the first three days the Chinese army presented a curious example of the contrast between the Chinese and the Western. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution.

To be a soldier in the Chinese army is to be a soldier in a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution. It is a mixture of the old and the new, and is a very peculiar institution.

It seems a little on the human scale to say that out of a manhood of 350,000,000 of Chinese a body of good soldiers cannot be made, and with the example of the Egyptian pharaohs, it may be premature to call it impossible. But China herself cannot do it. The very best human material and the most elaborate instruction would be wasted on the existing native official, who steadily resists all reform in his maladministration. Nevertheless the docile soldiers and rulers of China have never yet had a chance of showing under proper management what are their real capabilities. Should they under European tutelage ever prove themselves in any numbers to be of real military value the "yellow terror" may not be a mere figment of the superstitious brain.

Fortunes of Spain.

At one time no doubt Spain was the richest country in Europe. Within a few years after the conquest of America more than \$1,000,000,000 was carried to Spain, and as long as colonies were being maintained in this hemisphere there has been a stream of gold flowing her way into both private and public coffers. The original colonial laws the king got one-fifth and the church one-fifth of everything that came from America. The three-fifths that remained, however, were sufficient to make some of the largest fortunes in the world. Evidences of this great wealth are still found in all parts of Spain in the enormous and costly palaces and castles scattered over the country. But the money has largely been wasted in luxury, gambling and bad investments and in trying to compete with modern progress in agriculture and other industries by the use of antiquated methods and machinery.

Spain resembles Ireland in many respects and Russia in more. The territory is divided into vast estates, which are cultivated to a certain extent by tenants, and the remainder is leased to tenants. There are also large ranches and factories of various kinds which formerly belonged to private individuals, members of the nobility and aristocracy, but the soil has been worn out by centuries of cultivation and is no longer profitable without the use of expensive machinery and other improvements. The land is still divided into large estates and the best cattle and horses in Europe and the best mules in the world. The factories have generally passed from the hands of the nobles who inherited them into the hands of corporations, the buildings on the estates are badly out of repair, the castles are in ruins and the land is being sold to those of Russia or Ireland. The wealth of the people has been squandered by the nobles and the army has been a failure. A few capitalists who are one-sidedly wealthy and hell-bent on the estates of their less prudent neighbors. Poverty and corruption in public life is the rule. The people are in a state of despair. The prime minister is a man of ill repute and is a man of ill repute. It is expected that he will come back soon.

In introducing himself to his flock at a new pastorate Rev. L. B. Lytle of Maryville, Mo., said: "I am a Methodist in religion and an American in politics. Nobody owns me. I have one wife and she has two children. I guess that is about all."

A physician who has been studying the Chinese language on the coast of China has just returned from a tour of the coast. He says that none of the great rivers have ever been tamed. Wine, tobacco, opium, and other things are sold for the sake of the money. He says that the Chinese are a very peculiar people. He says that the Chinese are a very peculiar people. He says that the Chinese are a very peculiar people.

Bavaria's Mad King.

It was reported recently in the dispatches that the mad King Otto of Bavaria was nearing his end at Fuensteden, a royal castle in the south German monarchy. The taint of insanity has been running through the house of Wittelsbach for many years and has been a blot on the fair name of Bavaria.

King Otto has been hopelessly insane since the summer of 1884, and his aged uncle, Prince Luitpold, is the regent of the kingdom. Yet the royal title is vested in the useless piece of clay, who is approached by his numerous lackeys

and servants with outlandish signs of homage, for he is king.

It will be surprising to most American readers to learn that the present king was a demented person when he succeeded his brother, King Ludwig II, who also had been declared insane two years before his death. This Ludwig was formally deposed three days before his end, which he sought himself, dragging with him to the depths of the Starnberg lake his physician and true friend, Dr. Gauden.

In passing it may be stated that a cousin of these two kings, Empress Elizabeth of Austria, has been for years the talk of Europe on account of her eccentricities. Charity has it that she became deranged on account of the tragic death of her son, Archduke Rudolph, in 1882, and charity may prevail in this case.

The royal house of Wittelsbach is one of the oldest of the noble families of Europe, the first of the name on record being Margrave Luitpold, who died in August, 907, more than 1,000 years ago. The Hapsburgs of Austria antedate this redoubtable Margrave by only eight years.

Politic history always has some excuse for the erratic conduct of the great of the earth. Thus, in the case of King Otto's predecessor on the Bavarian throne, it is said that he was a man of romantic nature, an artist, with very fantastic ideas of his personal dignity as a king and rather capricious opinions concerning political questions. Countess Mary, his queen, was caused by the rupture of his engagement to Princess Sophie of Bavaria, who afterward became the Duchess of Ateneon and perished in the holocaust in a charity bazaar in Paris last year.

Plain truth is that the father of both brothers, Maximilian II, was insane and that the taint, probably long extant in a latent form in the house of Wittelsbach on account of intermarriages, descended to Otto and Ludwig from him. This Maximilian, a son of Ludwig I, was treated by his father in a manner so severe that the young prince at one time escaped from Munich, sought a residence in the vicinity of Hamburg and there led a life of absolute abandonment. When Maximilian returned to his father's court, he was caused by the rupture of his engagement to Princess Sophie of Bavaria, who afterward became the Duchess of Ateneon and perished in the holocaust in a charity bazaar in Paris last year.

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The court physicians as well as eminent medical celebrities called in by the court sought in vain to dissuade Maximilian from this horrible idea. The course of events has shown that Maximilian II, in the inner consciousness of his guilt and shame, was correct. It was probably this awful vindication of orthodox Moslem law that caused Maximilian Harden in his Zukunfts article to say about the time when King Otto's father ascended the throne: "The regicide in the land inaugurated their board, rubbed their hands in glee and whispered to each other grimly: 'Now we have what we want. Now we are in times of yore, a maniac wears the crown.'"

Tradition hands down an awful breakdown by a well-meaning American gentleman, in his embarrassment, rapidly assured Pope Plus IX that he

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first hold upon the affections of "the veteran." In the ranks of the Grand Army may be found members of other military societies, especially of the Loyal Legion and the army associations. Eligibility to any one of the others entitles the holder to admission to the G. A. R. under its special rules. The ritual of this order is most elaborate and impressive, especially in all that relates to memorial and funeral ceremonies. Many of the aged members who are unable to attend encampment and reunion meetings say that they wish to keep their names upon the roll of honor until summoned to join the rank of the grand army above. Whether founded in pride or in sentiment or in tender devotion to symbols and ceremonies fraught with the holiest meaning, the passion of loyalty to the order and to comrades is indelible, like the patriotism which was the basis of it all.

Therefore in holding that the Grand Army of the Republic is an institution which, while it may be and has been, initiated, yet cannot be paralleled, the veterans do not necessarily place it on a pedestal as something forever incomparable. Other times, other customs. The soldiers of 1865 faced new

foundations and new problems. In the veteran stage they may also create new.

There has been much talk recently of loyalty to the flag, meaning the emblem in an objective sense, regardless of what it represents. Should a crisis come again like that of 1861 and devotion to the flag count for more than adherence to principle it will not be the first time in the history of the world when the symbol has possessed more power than the thing symbolized. "My country right or wrong" may sound cynical to some ears, but the words were dictated by a sentiment of the kind that makes and saves nations. Holding for a motto the words, "Our country's flag, first, last and always," these men of the century dangers of the blood fought symbol may carve out new ideals of national greatness and found an order of veterans that shall be peerless in its day and unrivaled in its destiny.

Not more than one-third of the survivors of the Federal armies belong to the Grand Army of the Republic. Probably the hoped membership would bring the roster up to one-half. There are now about 30,000 on the roll. Such a career could not have been prophesied by the dreamers in Sherman's camp who conceived the idea of another Masonic order, with army comradeship as its mystic tie. Within a year after the

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PROBABLY 100,000 veterans will rally to the annual encampment of 1898. Cincinnati has been favored before by the veterans, but there is one distinction to remain with the Queen City on account of the paucity of the coming week. This is the first national gathering of the G. A. R. in a time of warlike doings. Veterans bearing scars as mementos of battles fought nearly 40 years ago will line up on the streets, by the side of young fellows who stopped Mansers at Santiago. From the ranks of Custer's old squadrons gray and grizzled "Volunteers" will point to empty sleeves brought from La Ouniema and El Coney by headless Rough Riders and exclaim, "Boys, you'll do!"

No shadow of a chance exists for jealousy or distrust at the meeting of these heroes, old and new. The lads are worthy of their forebears. Again and again the lips of veterans who sailed under Farragut or followed Sherman to the sea or rode beside Sheridan at Cedar Creek and Five Forks will give voice to the proud boasts, "My son is on the Yankees, the Dixie, the Texas, the Oregon," and "Mine is with Wheeler, with Brooke, with Merritt, with Lee."

Nothing would please the fathers of these heroic boys better than to be able to pass over, along with the rifles and carbines and cutlasses that have found younger hands to wield them, the time honored badges of the G. A. R. It is a natural and a noble emotion, but time shows that the heroes of 1865 have

sons, display great vitality, they have never been very popular with American veterans. Grand Army men point with pride to the fact that in their encampments the private soldier and the general meet on equal terms as comrades. In view of the fact that the interest drawing comrades together is almost wholly a sentimental one, the membership in this order has been phenomenally large and the spirit a very creditable one. When the order had the reputation of being political, the membership was so low that it often seemed on the point of dissolution, and in those states where politics had the upper hand there was a practical disbandment of posts.

Steps have been taken to form a society among the officers present with the army at Santiago. It will be exclusive. There are about 600 officers eligible to this society.

One of the societies of civil war veterans commemorates the saddest of the tragic events of that era, the death of Lincoln. On the 16th of April, 1865, a party of officers in Philadelphia arranged for a meeting of army and navy officers to take action relative to the fall of their commander in chief. The response was so hearty that it was decided to effect a permanent organization, and the result was the founding of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. Membership in this body is divided into three classes, the first being officers and ex-officers of the United States forces engaged in the civil war. The order has developed na-

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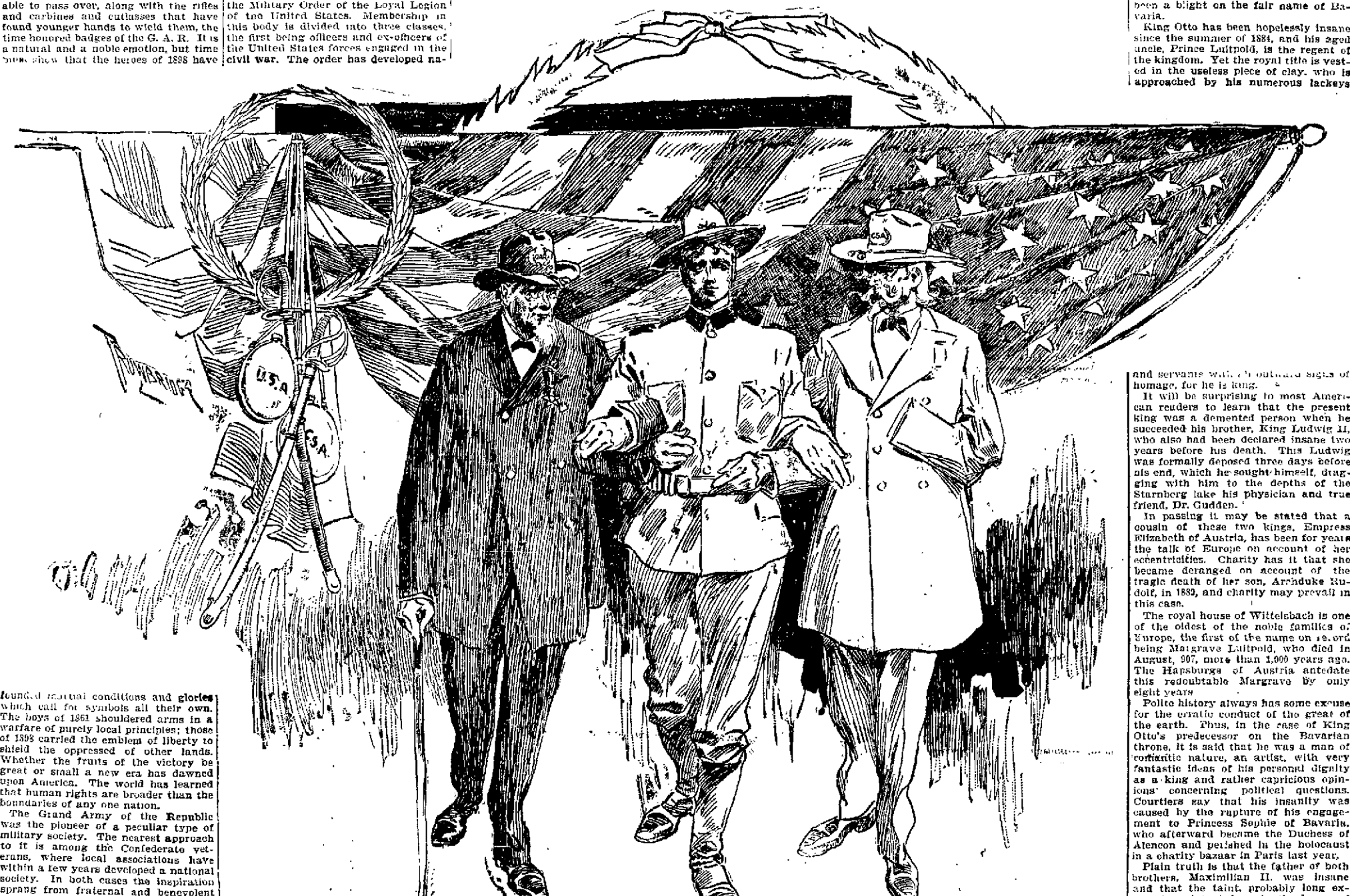
THE OLD VETERANS AND THE NEW.

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3 World Renowned Shoes

THE SOROSIS SHOES!

As sanctioned by the ladies of the Sorosis club of New York.

THE JENNESS MILLER SHOES!

Approved by Jenness Miller the criterion of hygienic shoes as applied to women's dress.

THE ELITE SHOES!

Widely worn by the business men of the country to be the medium grade shoe made.

Pratt Brothers

No. 1 Burlingame Block Main Street

Framing Pictures

To order, with over 400 different styles to select from and designs constantly changing makes

Dickinson's

JEWELER, STATIONER, ART DEALER.

The best place in Western Massachusetts to have your pictures framed. Quality, Variety and Price to please.

THE BURLINGAME & DARBYS COMPANY.

Established 1839. Incorporated 1898.

Fifty-nine years of business in one place is not the good fortune of every concern. Our business has grown to very large proportions in ten years. It has kept pace with the rapid but steady growth of our city. Our patronage has come not only from the "Western Gateway," but from towns and cities within a radius of thirty miles and more. We found it necessary to make some changes in our firm, consequently we became incorporated. We are going to make a number of changes in the interior arrangement of our store whereby we can give the best and quickest service to our customers of any store in the city.

We thank most sincerely the thousands who have been our patrons, and we ask you to continue trading with us, assuring you that the "Square Dealing" that has been our business watchword will continue.

THE BURLINGAME & DARBYS COMPANY.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADING OF 10 WORDS OR LESS FOR 25 CENTS A WEEK, OR THREE DAYS FOR 25 CENTS, NO CHARGE LESS THAN 25 CENTS.

TO RENT:

Large furnished room, steam heat. Gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. 74 Eagle street. \$18.00 per month.

The building now occupied as a public library is to rent. Either single rooms, apartments or the entire building. Apply to W. H. Sperry, 70 and 81 Holden street. \$10.00.

Tenement of 6 rooms on Eagle street, \$18.00. Seven room cottage on Main street, \$15.00. Cold water and furnace, \$20.00. Inquire at Keane's drug store, 20 Eagle street.

Ready September 5, new tenements on Washington street. All modern improvements, inquire at office of P. J. Ashe. \$14.00.

Furnished rooms with board if desired. Ashland street. \$12.00.

Furnished room to rent at 3 Ashland street. \$12.00.

New cottage, 47 Brunswick avenue. Modern improvements, \$10 per month. Apply Barber & Smith Co. \$12.00.

Rooms for rent at 100 Main street. Inquire at office of Edward J. Sullivan. \$12.00.

Tenement, lower floor, 8 rooms. 24 Fifth st. \$13 a month. A. D. Howe. \$10.00.

Furnished room. 101 Ashland st. \$12.00.

Four room flat, Holden street, \$10 and \$11. Six room tenement, new, Central avenue, \$12.00. Eight room cottages, new, steam heat and electric light. 121 and 123 Holden street. Inquire Ralph M. Dowling's office, 121 Main st.

Two new 6-room flats, all modern improvements. Apply F. E. Pike, 48 East Quincy street. Desirable tenement on Glen avenue. \$10.00. A. G. Galt, 101 Main st.

FOR SALE:

Very desirable property either for rental purposes or as a residence. Situated on Ashland street. Just off summer known as Mrs. David Hunter estate. Apply 20 Summer st. \$10.00.

Four room English hall pup. Price very low. For further particulars inquire 7 Norton hill. \$10.00.

A fine line of light, road and heavy wagons at D. B. Cook's, Maple street, Adams. Call and get prices. You will save money.

A great bargain. My home 80 West Main street. Furniture given in one month. Henry A. Tower. \$10.00.

WANTED:

A lady wishes to address person to take weekly washing home. Address "V," Transcript, office.

Girl for housework and to assist in caring for children. Apply at 20 Holden street. \$10.00.

A thoroughly reliable American woman for general work. Apply Berkhart Hill's drugstore.

A good cylinder pump on men's fine shoes. O. W. Robbins shoe Co., Pittsfield, Mass. \$10.00.

SITUATION WANTED:

Seeling with a drummer and in a private firm. For address inquire at this office.

General housework girls, cooks, waitresses, laundresses. Apply North Adams Employment Bureau, Room 8, North Adams Savings bank block, Main street. Office hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. J. A. GEORGE, Manager.

LOST:

Wagon, spoked, white feet, harness and up of tail. Reward for return of same to Nathan Brown, 120 St. \$10.00.

Between Quincy street and The Transcript office a pair of gold-rimmed spectacles. The ward for return to this office.

STRAYED:

My mare, white hind feet, 5 years old. Edwin Burdwell, Jackson st., Pittsfield, Mass. \$10.00.

F. F. PIKE, M.D., Physician and Surgeon, Office and residence 11 Summer st., cor. Ashland st. Office hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. \$10.00.

McA. Learned

New Blackinton Block,

North Adams.

Central Block, Pittsfield. Gleason Block, Lee, Mass.

The undersigned has opened an office

No. 3 New Blackinton Block,

For the buying and selling of

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton for

Cash or on Margin.

With private telegraph wires to all markets.

..Farm For Sale..

Of the late Christian Wals, consisting of 110 acres; situated three miles from Brookfield in Rice Corner, in high state of cultivation with plenty of wood, barn full of hay, will keep 10 head of cattle, 1 horse and 50 sheep. Buildings all in good repair, site and location all convenient, fruits of all kinds in abundance, a field of corn, 100 bushels of potatoes, and vegetables of all kinds. PRICE SIXTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS. Stock and tools can be bought if wanted. For particulars inquire of

WILLIAM WALL,
22 Broadwell Ave.

We Expect

To have lots of Peaches this week and would suggest to those who expect to get quantities for canning that this will be a good time. Also Peas, Plums and nice Tomatoes.

INGALL'S SWEET CREAM.

STRICTLY FRESH EGGS.

Remember About Our Teas.

Remember Telephone 25-5.

H. A. Sherman,

19 Eagle Street.

To Rent.

If you are thinking of moving or hiring a tenement, be sure and inquire at our office and inspect the six and eight-room tenements, four and six-room flats and eight-room cottages, which we now have to rent.

All complete, with modern improvements; are now or in first-class repair; centrally located.

BESS & DOWLING,
Law Office, Room 11, Martin's Block

NOTICE.

Having decided to do a strictly cash business, I hereby notify all persons having accounts with me to settle at once, or I will place them in the hands of a lawyer for collection.

P. J. COLLINS.
45 Main Street. Grocer

MONEY FOR STREETS

\$2,500 Taken From Contingent Fund For Repair Of Highways.

ELECTION OFFICERS NAMED

Peaceful City Council Meeting. Councilman Amador Reports That Soldiers' Relief Appropriation Is Overdrawn. Appeal Of Telephone Posts Considered.

There was a most peaceful session of city council Tuesday evening, with hardly a ripple of excitement to disturb the routine of official business. The sum of \$2,500 was transferred from the contingent fund to the highway fund, for repairs on account of the storm; election officers were named; some minor matters were voted on and a number of reports were read, all with scarcely a murmur of discussion. Councilman Bracewell furnished the nearest approach to something interesting when he moved that the committee on streets be instructed to consider the kind of poles that the telephone company be allowed to put up hereafter. Councilman Amador, as chairman of the soldiers' relief committee, also reported the overdraw of the appropriation of \$300 for that purpose, and the matter was referred to the finance committee.

In the absence of President Wilkinson, Councilman Perry called the meeting to order, and was made president pro tem. All the members were present except Councilman Armstrong, Brown, Gove and Mignault, and Mr. Gove came in later.

The mayor recommended the election officers given below, and the recommendation was accepted. A recommendation from the mayor was read with an order allowing the New England Telephone company to transfer its poles on South Church street, opposite Southview cemetery, to the other side of the street, in accordance with the plans of beautifying the cemetery. Councilman Bracewell moved that the committee on streets be instructed to consider the kind of poles to be used, and the committee reported that Mayor Gove had seen the poles, and that they were suitable. The order was therefore passed.

The mayor's recommendation for a transfer of \$2,500 from the contingent fund to the highway fund was reported favorably by the finance committee. In reporting, Chairman Whitaker said that only about \$200 or \$300 of the highway fund now remained in the treasury. The order was passed.

A hearing on the acceptance of Holbrook street scheduled for the time was called, but no one appeared to speak on the question, and the hearing was declared closed, while the order for laying it off as a public street was adopted. The committee on streets reported on the petition for the acceptance of Bracewell avenue that, while the committee favored it, one shatter claimed damages. As the city was not authorized to pay any such claims, the matter was referred back to the streets and finance committees.

The committee on elections reported in favor of securing ballot boxes to be used in caucuses, and they be secured, to be kept by the city clerk. The boxes will be of oak, 12 by 12 by 15 inches in dimensions, and the seven necessary will cost \$11.50. The committee on claims reported that as Thomas Osgood had already sued the city, the matter had been left in the hands of the city solicitor. The Josephine Cady petition for damages had also been left with him. The committee on streets was granted more time in which to consider the Yale street grade question.

Councilman Amador explained the using up of the soldiers' relief fund, telling the city that had been made, and asking for help of some sort. On motion of Councilman Bracewell, it was referred to the finance committee.

Election Officers Appointed.

1 Ward—Warden, Arthur N. Smith; deputy warden, John E. Boulger, clerk, James W. Mahan; deputy clerk, Patrick J. Mullen; inspectors, R. W. McKendrick, H. A. Tower, R. H. Keane, M. Fallon, Jr., M. H. O'Brien, Owen Haggerty, deputy inspectors, A. H. McDonald, E. M. Amador, P. Mansford, T. Henchy, John C. Fallon, M. Gilhooly.

2 Ward—Warden, James Whiteley; deputy warden, P. M. Farley; clerk, William Thatcher; deputy clerk, W. F. Adams; inspectors, E. P. Paulsen, Thomas Guinan, John Brackley, W. H. Ingraham, E. B. Hicks, P. H. Smith; deputy inspectors, A. G. Wilbur, A. M. Hemmingsway, Thomas Gellins, M. J. Conroy, John Kelley, Louis LaDum.

3 Ward—Warden, John J. Lilly; deputy warden, Lincoln Breckenridge; clerk, F. W. Carter; deputy clerk, F. D. Allen; inspectors, J. J. Jenkins, F. C. McErworth, J. P. Sullivan, P. Babcock, E. Franchere, W. H. Lewis, deputy inspectors, I. S. Browne, W. G. Carroll, Archie Gellings, A. J. Hough, Nelson Caron, E. Gault.

4 Ward—John Larkin; deputy warden, James Lunnay; clerk, George Blau; deputy clerk, P. H. Hingworth; inspectors, E. Stockwell, J. Reagan, W. H. Broderick, R. W. Hingworth, P. O. Brooker, H. A. LaBrie; deputy inspectors, Joseph Farrow, A. G. Nichols, George Tanner, J. T. Larkin, D. Reagan, Raoul Bernard.

5 Ward—Warden, George French; deputy warden, C. L. L. Frink; clerk, W. E. Lonsger; deputy clerk, C. C. Chase; inspectors, C. A. Pike, J. A. Wren, A. A. Walker, P. H. Gault, A. A. Reynolds, C. W. Gallup; deputy inspectors, W. H. Pritchard, F. A. Walker, Herbert B. Haskins, J. H. Cody, J. F. Nagle, Albert Hawkins.

6 Ward—Warden, Frank E. Curtis; deputy warden, H. C. Bliss; clerk, J. E. Miller; deputy clerk, C. E. Hyland; inspectors, B. T. Magenis, C. O. Gardner, C. T. Moore, J. K. Maloney, T. F. Gunning, P. H. Gunning; deputy inspectors, W. B. Farnale, D. B. Dunham, P. T. Briggs, T. E. Heslin, J. J. Caffrey, J. H. Flaherty.

7 Ward—Warden, Peter Keefe; deputy warden, J. E. Duelling; clerk, F. R. Evans; deputy clerk, F. W. Stockton; inspectors, A. W. Chippendale, G. H. Winslow, Arthur Robinson, J. W. Chrystal, T. H. Quinn, H. E. Blake; deputy inspectors, C. T. Brigham, R. E. Fingar, Charles Gouche, J. J. Welch, J. Upton, J. W. Mack.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure a cold. The following has B. Q. on each tablet.

OBED HALL ELECTED

Representative of Stamford in the Vermont Legislature.

Hon. Obed Hall of Stamford, Vt., was elected Tuesday to represent that town in the Vermont legislature. He received a handsome majority, his vote being 74 against 33 for his Democratic opponent, Silas Blood, and eight scattering. This election shows a great change in the political sentiment of his town, which until within a few years has been strongly Democratic. His large majority, however, was probably due in some measure to his personal popularity. He has been a resident of Stamford for over 50 years and during all that time he has striven for the good of the community and done all in his power to advance its interests. As neighbor, friend and citizen he has won the esteem of all classes, and in honoring him by this election they have also brought honor to the town of Stamford and secured for it honest and competent representation at the state house.

Mr. Hall is 77 years old, and is well preserved in mind and body. He is the father of Representative A. B. Hall of Williamstown. He and his wife were two of the first seven to unite with the Stamford Methodist church, which will celebrate its semi-centennial this month, and of those seven they are the only ones now living.

SOLDIER BROTHERS UNITED.

Greenfield Volunteer Thought Brother Was Dead, But Dr. Brown Found Him in Same Ward.

When Surgeon O. J. Brown was in the camp hospital at Montauk Point he noticed that two of the patients bore a strong resemblance to each other. They were in the same ward and were separated only by a curtain partition. The doctor was so much impressed by their close resemblance that he asked one of them if he had a brother in the army. The reply was that he did have, but that the brother was dead. It did not occur to Surgeon Brown long to find out that this was a mistake, and he had the pleasure of informing the sorrowful young soldier that his brother still lived and was one of his nearest neighbors in the hospital.

This was joyful news indeed and the surgeon was greatly gratified at being able to remove such a burden from the heart of the brave soldier. The brothers were Albert and Fred Brown of Greenfield.

Larceny and Assault in Court.

The glass blowers, A. W. and Melinda Scott, who were arrested yesterday on the charge of larceny, were in court this morning and pleaded not guilty. The trial showed that they had stopped a week at the house of Mrs. Brooks on Center street, and had gone away without paying the rent. The evidence in support of the charge of larceny, however, consisted merely of the statement of the fact that a valuable feather box was missing when they left. Judge Phelps reserved his decision until next Monday. During the trial the four years old boy of the couple made merry in the prisoners' dock, apparently finding much to interest him in his strange situation.

John Welch was accused of assault on Quang Wah, a laundryman, and much Chinese evidence was ready to be presented in the case. It was stated, however, that last Monday the alleged assault was the result of a discussion over a laundry bill. The case against Dennis Leary for embezzlement was filed away, it having been shown that the affair was a misunderstanding.

Two drunks were cared for in the usual way.

Robinson-Wood Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Minnie Robinson and Edward Wood took place last night at the home of the bride, 17 Spring street. Rev. J. H. Spencer of the Baptist church performed the ceremony, using the ring service, in the presence of only the relatives and intimate friends of the families.

The bride was gown in white French organdie, and was unattended. Shortly after the ceremony the couple left on the afternoon express for the east for an extended wedding trip. Both the bride and groom are well known in social and musical circles, the bride having been for years a soprano in the Baptist church choir. The groom holds a responsible position with the Windsor Manufacturing company of this city.

On their return they will live on Meadow street, near Cherry, and will be at home to their friends Thursdays after October 14.

Anonymous Letter Feuds.

Mayor Cady receives many anonymous letters touching on city affairs, but will pay no attention to such communications. He is ready at all times to answer questions concerning public affairs, but reasonably demands that those seeking them or having complaints to make shall appear in person or sign the letters they address to him. In taking this position the mayor holds that no man can afford to give time or consideration to anonymous letters and that sensible people will not write them or suggestions to offer, or questions to ask will come to the front either in person or by letter they will receive from the mayor an attentive and courteous hearing.

It Was Not Foul Play.

The police here have not been requested to look for the criminals who were supposed to have come here from Charlemont, and in pursuit of whom C. F. Baker of New Hampshire was killed by a Fitchburg train. It is now believed that Baker was the victim of some mental trouble, and that he was an unauthorized officer. He had trouble with some men at White River Junction, and apparently followed them to Charlemont. The officials at Charlemont are very sure that Baker was killed by the cars, and was not the victim of foul play.

—The 26th annual reunion of the 87th regiment will be held in Springfield September 20.

Scorbutic, skin diseases, salt rheum, dyspepsia and other diseases due to impure blood, are cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

TWO MORE RETURN

Sergeant Jim Smith and Private Mercier Reach Homes in Adams.

CABLE MESSAGE FROM O'BRIEN

The Only Company M Man Left in Santiago Is Convalescent. Arrangements For Corporal Sturm's Military Funeral. News of the Soldiers.

Two more Company M men, Sergeant Jim R. Smith and Private Fred Mercier, arrived at their homes in Adams on the last train Tuesday night. They have been in Boston in hospital, having come from Santiago on the hospital ship Bay State. They got off the train at Maple Grove, and were taken at once to their homes in carriages. Smith was the stronger of the two, Mercier being helped to his carriage. Both are recovering steadily, and their friends expect complete restoration to health and strength for them.

A dispatch was received this morning from friends who are with Sergeant King, saying that his condition is improving somewhat, although he is still very weak. It is hoped that he will be able to be brought home in a few days. Private Dupree is still in the hospital at Montauk, but it is believed he will be able to return before long. James Kershaw is with him, but may return home before he is able to do so. Kershaw will meet with one of the most enthusiastic receptions that a man ever received in Adams, and already plans for it are being discussed.

The news from William Aspen is not encouraging, and he is still dangerously ill, but his friends are hoping for the best, and all that can be done for him is being attended to.

Sergeant William O'Brien is now the only member of Company M left in Santiago, and his friends were greatly relieved this morning by a cable dispatch from him saying that he is convalescent. This was good news, but there is still some anxiety felt for his safety, and a letter is eagerly awaited.

All the men to Adams and this city are believed to be on the way to sure recovery now, and in confidence believed that Corporal Sturm's death is the last which can occur among those who have returned. His case had been recognized as critical for some time.

Funeral of Corporal Sturm:

Arrangements have been completed for the funeral of Corporal John B. Sturm, who died at the hospital Tuesday. It will be held in Notre Dame church in Adams tomorrow morning at 9.30 o'clock, and requiem mass will be said. The funeral will be in Chesham.

In honor of his memory, the flag at the Elphes mill in this city, in which he had been employed, has been placed at half staff. The employees of the spinning department, where he worked, have taken a collection, and purchased handsome floral tributes to be sent to the funeral.

The members of the Adams Grand Army are requested to meet at their hall at 9 o'clock in full uniform to attend the funeral. The ex-members of Company M and the provisional company will also attend.

Col. Frank L. Locke, a member of Governor Wolcott's staff, is expected in Adams soon to see what is needed by the returned volunteers, having been appointed for that service.

Mr. Streeter's Appointment.

The Riverside Press of California comments as follows on the appointment as postmaster of H. M. Streeter, formerly of the Wilson house in this city, as recently reported in The Transcript: "The appointment of H. M. Streeter as postmaster of Riverside, to succeed the efficient and popular incumbent, Frank B. Abbott will give very general satisfaction. Mr. Streeter is an old resident of the city, and has been prominently identified with its interests in various ways. Twelve he represented Riverside in the assembly, and he was in the state senate when the Riverside county bill was passed. He has been an active and loyal Republican, and his appointment is a fit recognition of personal merit and party service. He will make an accommodating and competent officer."

Mr. Streeter has named Frank W. Richardson, a former Chesham boy, and well known in this city, as chief clerk.

BLACKINTON.

Miss Grace A. Davies is visiting friends at Chatham, N. Y.

Miss Carrie Burgess of Lawrence is the guest of Charles E. Washburne and family.

Frank Davis of Springfield spent Monday in town with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Davis.

A French parochial school was opened at Greylock Tuesday evening, with 40 pupils. School is being held in basement of the church.

William S. Archer was taken to the North Adams hospital Sunday by Dr. Galt, suffering from typhoid fever. The steps between the street and the entrance to Union church have been abolished, and a continuous grade established from the street to the church door. It is a great improvement.

Miss Edith and Alina Cook, who have been visiting Mrs. Benjamin Humphreys and family returned home to Gilbertville Monday.

The main street of this village was the scene of a disgraceful fight Saturday night at a late hour. It seems that a party of drunken men from North Adams became involved in a dispute with some of the young men of this village and a fight was the result. The Blackinton and Greylock schools opened Tuesday morning, and the children on their way to school added considerable animation to an otherwise very quiet village.

COFFEE AGITATION.

O'Donohue Coffee Co. of New York are making a strong claim for their "Fifth Avenue" brand of Mocha and Java coffee. They say: "We will pay \$100 for 100 pounds of coffee produced on earth that will drink better than our 'Fifth Avenue' brand." The firm are perfectly responsible and are among the oldest and largest importers and roasters in the country, and evidently mean what they say. Housewives can hear, see and taste this famous brand this week at the stores of Mr. M. Van Ness Braman and Messrs. White & Smith. An inducement is offered of one-half pound free with each sale of one and one-half pounds during the demonstration.

M. STEINERT & SONS CO.,

Great

PIANO SALE.

Having decided to discontinue our warehouses at 37 Eagle Street, we shall offer for the next 30 Days our entire stock of High-Grade Pianos at tremendous discounts, rather than remove them from the city. If you wish a first-class Piano, this is the opportunity to obtain one at the lowest figures possible.

	Regular Price.	Removal Price.
One Fancy Walnut Hardman Upright,	\$175	\$290
One Emerson Upright,	450	365
One Emerson Upright,	425	340
One Fancy Mahogany Hardman Upright,	475	390
One Elegant Pease Upright,	350	260
One Fine Sumner Upright,	300	175
One Second-Hand Steinway & Sons Square,		150

M. STEINERT & SONS CO.

37 Eagle Street.

Operators of fifteen stores in New England.

IS YOUR RAZOR DULL?

We are selling a good double razor strop with Razorine that will sharpen the dullest Razor for

Only 25 Cents

J. M. Darby's Hardware Store,

49 EAGLE STREET.

Baker-Rose GOLD Sanitarium

Of Massachusetts.

Park Avenue, North Adams, Mass.

The Baker-Rose treatment for Light's habit has proved its superiority over others, as shown by the number of cures from other treatments which WE HAVE CURED and in Massachusetts alone we have treated and cured over one thousand during the past four years. Our specialty is the scientific treatment and CURE of LIQUOR, OPIUM, MARIJUANA, COCAINE and Chloral habits. Correspondence and interviews strictly confidential.

Reliable References Furnished.

Telephone 33-12

Pitchers

Pitchers Every housewife knows that she cannot own too many. They are always in demand.

Pitchers We have a stock which embraces all sizes, colors, shapes and prices.

Pitchers We have them from 10c up.

Pitchers We have enough to supply the city. Get one while they are going.

Maxwell & McCurdy,

[SUCCESSORS TO C. H. MATHER.]

2 MARTIN BLOCK.

PIANOS!

Bargains in Pianos.

For the balance of the month we will give you SPECIAL PRICES.

If you are thinking of buying a Piano it will certainly be for your interest before purchasing elsewhere to look over our stock over.

The reputation of our Pianos are first-class, as we handle the standard makes.

CLUETT & SONS.

Boland Block.

C. A. DARLING, Manager.

BOYS School Suits

Knee Pants

Dress your boy well, when you send him to school. You can do it at an extremely low cost.

Suits from \$1.50 to \$5.00.

Extra Pants from 25c up.

It will pay you to call.

M. Gatslick,

The Reliable Clothier and Furnisher,

66 MAIN STREET.